

NHS dentistry: Diagnosis & prescription

GDPC Update LDC Conference Newcastlę 5th June 2025

Shiv Pabary GDPC Chair

Newcastle trivia.....



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Roman Roots: Started as a Roman fort called Pons Aelius, start of Hadrian's Wall



Newcastle has **seven bridges crossing the river in the space of half a mile**. Tyne Bridge is said to have inspired Sydney Harbour Bridge in Australia



Railway Pioneer: George Stephenson built the first steam locomotives here



Electric First: Mosley Street – first street lit by electricity (1879)



Lucozade was invented in Newcastle

Angel of the North: Iconic sculpture just outside the city



Also, has the greatest football team....

Background

- GDP 40 years mainly NHS dentistry in the NE
- Ex-Provider 7 NHS GDS & 2 NHS orthodontic practices
- Currently provider NHS GDS practice, Urgent Access Centre, HCL Restorative Dept
- VT/FD trainer 33 yrs 1989-2022
- LDC 1989 GDPC 1996
- Previous roles GDC (FTPP & QA Inspector) /Local NHSE Adviser, Dento-legal Adviser Dental Protection

Update....

Main issue: Contract Reform...

What are the current challenges?

What inquiries have there been in the state of NHS dentistry?

Where are we currently with the reform process?

What is the BDA/GDPC ask in a reformed NHS contract?

How GDPC works....

x 3 GDPC meetings (Jan/Feb, May and Oct)

Exec meetings (at least x 5 times/yr)

Regular meetings with NHSE & DHSC

3 types of meetings

- Operational meetings last Thurs of the month
- NHSE interim reform/scoping meetings
- DCR DHSC meetings 3 meetings to date since last Oct

What is the presenting complaint?

We all know the problem

Target driven and underfunded

Perverse incentives-HNP& Complex patients/delivering treatments at a loss

Small businesses-Central problems are financial sustainability and workforce

Clawback

Current challenges and barriers



Dentist numbers GDC registrant up 3%: 44,412 to 45,772 (Feb 24 v numbers Feb 25) Dental nurses up 6%: 62,095 v Dental 65,777 (Feb 24 v technicians down Feb 25)

But still widespread staff shortages, particularly NHS

Registration numbers

Dentistry is topping voter concerns



A big political issue in election year

- Dentistry a 'doorstep' issue in General Election for first time in history of NHS.
- Offers from all opposition parties on contract and funding.

Winning the argument for change.

X 2 Health Select Committee hearings

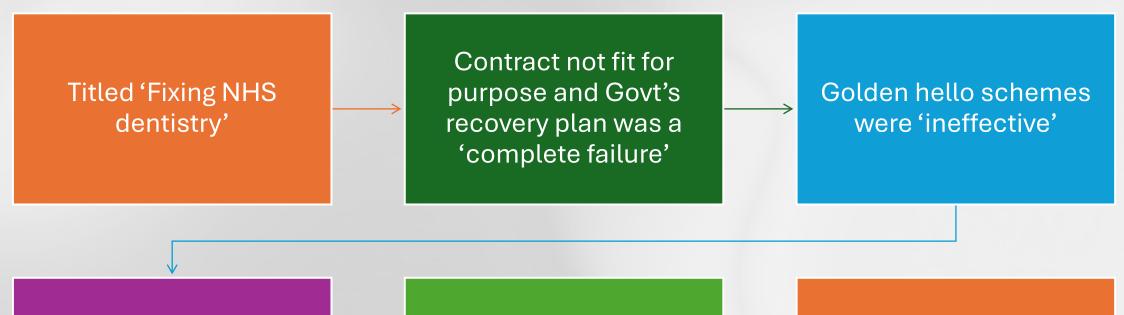
Nuffield Trust

National Audit report: Recovery plan

Lord Darzi

Public Accounts Committee hearing

PAC report published April 2025



Slammed repeated tweaks to UDA contract and asked for timings of a break away from this Move away from the current UDA system to a prevention and patient-centred care.

Modelling of the actual cost of delivering NHS dentistry

So, what is the diagnosis?

Clear as daylight...

The NHS contract is broken

It should be ripped up and we should start again – Amanda Pritchard –ex-CEO NHSE

Not fit for purpose

3 P's

Labour Manifesto Commitments

Rebuild dentistry for the long term, reforming the dental contract, with a shift to focusing on prevention.

Tackle the immediate crisis with a rescue plan to provide 700,000 more urgent dental appointments.

Recruit new dentists to areas that need them most.

Retention of NHS dentists.

Supervised tooth-brushing scheme for 3- to 5-year-olds, targeting the areas of highest need.

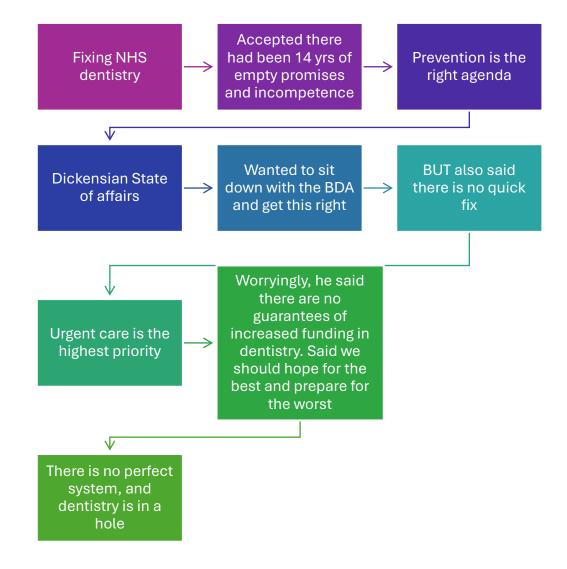
Urgent care

- Commissioning has begun.
 - But 1/3 of what's needed.
 - Recycling budget new money dropped.
 - North-East showed sessional model works – but no national framework has been offered.



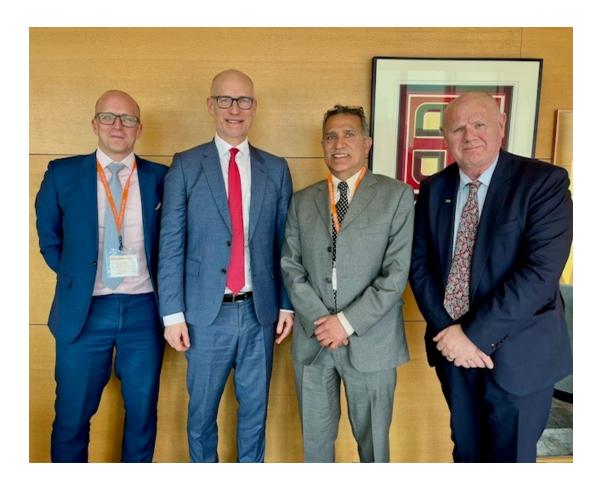
*Official analysis of unmet need for urgent NHS dental care

Ministerial view BDIA Showcase March 2025

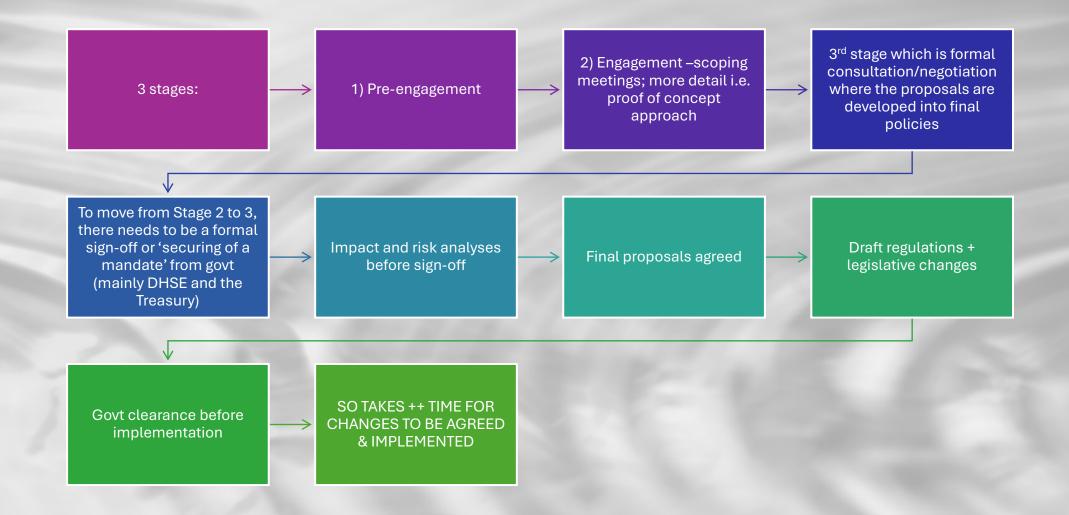


Ministerial meeting





Understanding the political reform landscape



What sort of NHS dental service does the BDA envisage? What is its ethos/purpose/culture?

Prevention at the heart.		Trust dentist right th		Long-term relation		Payments the co treatm	sts of	High-needs be welc	•	distinc	ne needs of t patient orts.
	s NHS dentistry trying workld		dentists' ds and eing.	nd quality improvement,		The NHS is attractive place for dentists to build and maintain a career.		Should be simple. We don't want an overly complicated contract.		Should work for single- handed practices and large corporate chains.	
Greater clarity on NHS		Whole system should support best clinical practice.		Avoid 'targets', 'treadmill' and 'clawback'.		A fair balance of risk between NHS and dentist.		Practical and financially viable for practices and dentists.			

What sort of NHS dental service does the BDA envisage? What is its ethos/purpose/culture?

	Prevention at the heart.	Trust dentists to do the right thing.	Long-term patient relationships.	Payments that cover the costs of treatments.	High-needs patients to be welcomed.
F	Reflect the needs of distinct patient cohorts.	A clear purpose – what is NHS dentistry trying to achieve?	Considers dentists' workloads and wellbeing.	Peer support, culture of collaboration and quality improvement, rather than compliance.	The NHS is attractive place for dentists to build and maintain a career.
C	hould be simple. We don't want an overly omplicated contract.	Should work for single- handed practices and large corporate chains.	Greater clarity on NHS treatment offer.	Whole system should support best clinical practice.	Avoid 'targets', 'treadmill' and 'clawback'.

A fair balance of risk between NHS and dentist. Practical and financially viable for practices and dentists.

So, what is the treatment plan?

Provisional Treatment plan

Since 2021....

Contract reform – as GDPC would understand it – has, at best, been on hold

NHS England's focus has been on 'modest and marginal changes' within the UDA contract- MC1& MC2

That has delivered one package of changes and we are now in advanced talks on MC2

Minimum UDA value + Band 2 changes

MC1

- Increase from £25.33 to £28 to £29.30
- Impacted around 700 practices.
- Reducing the number of contracted UDAs, rather than increasing the contract value.
- Band 2 changes have helped practices deliver targets



MC2....Further reform within current financial envelope

High Needs patients

Urgent care

Incentivizing prevention

Quality initiatives – Non-clinical activities



Definitive Treatment plan

Long term: Fundamental Contract Reform



Options

UDA or UDA modified?/ MC1 & MC2	Fee per item ? Fairer but derisory fees;	Core Service	? Defining what constitutes "core" services can be politically and clinically contentious
? Everything for some? or ? Some treatments for all i.e. restricted menu of treatments	Capitation 100%	Blended Contract- Weighted capitation patient focused underpinned by prevention but activity payments for high needs and sessional funded sessions for urgent care	There isn't a perfect system

What approach does the profession support??

- Survey to seek a consensus of professions views
- Initial findings-
- The contract should be practical and financially viable for practices and dentists (99.4% agree)
- Payments should reflect the costs of treatment, including both time and materials costs (98.7%)
- The contract should be simple and easy for practices and dentists to administer (97.8%)
- It should be clear to patients what treatment is, and isn't available on the NHS (97.8%)
- The contract should work for any size of dental practice (97.7%)
- Crucially, we also found high levels of agreement with the core planks of our policy position. i.e. weighted capitation and activity payments for high needs patients.
- Follow-up on some of the areas seeking a consensus

What is the state of Fundamental reform under the new Government Labour committed to reform the contract in its manifesto.

Ministers have made positive noises in meetings.

DCR: Three meetings with civil servants in October , December 2024 and March 2025; MC2-meetings with NHSE- Dual approach

DHSC now in charge of DCR; NHSE dealing with MC2

There was learning from prototypes/pilots that should form part of the discussions

Clear obstacles about funding – Spending Review

We want to reach heads of terms by end of summer and to then rapidly negotiate the reformed contract



Amplify voices

Restore pride

Get rid of the UDA

Blended contract, with a mix of payment currency that meet different patient needs

Capitation to deliver routine care for children and adults

Weighted capitation payments to reflect patient need

Why capitation? Supports prevention, long-term patient relationship, incentivises dentists to support oral health improvement for patients in their care

Activity payments for high needs patients

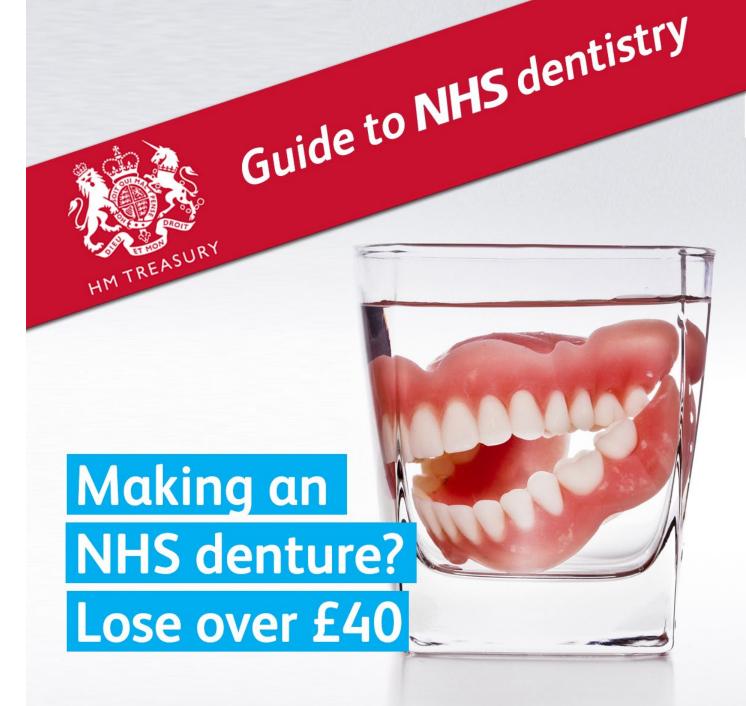
Urgent care provided on a sessional basis

Quality underpinned by DROs, peer review and clinical audit

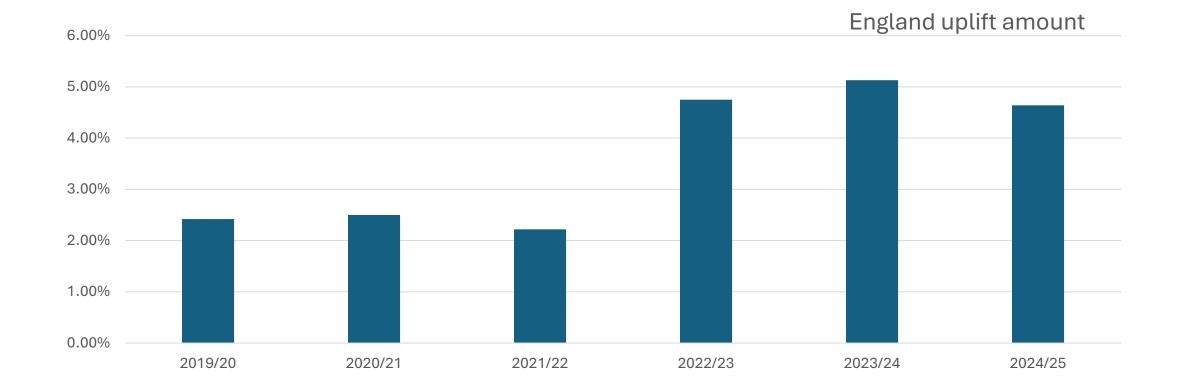
BDA ask

Fiscal picture

- Treasury biggest barrier to reform in dentistry
 - National Minimum Wage & National Insurance hike
 - Coming NHS 10-year plan tied to difficult choices in Comprehensive Spending Review



Pay & Contract Uplifts



There isn't one perfect payment model

Funding likely to be be capped in any future system

Without additional funding, there can be no reform- know this will be challenging in the current climate. But need to argue the case or face an existential threat

Tweaking the failing UDA contract is not fundamental reform

Dentists who have left the NHS are unlikely to return

We still don't know what fundamental reform looks like to govt

Needs political will- being held to ransom by Treasury

BUT

Summary

PROMISE....



BDA/GDPC will continue to hold govt to accountkeep banging the drum on behalf of profession and patients



THANK YOU